## **In-Space Remote Sensing**

Revolutionary Aerospace Systems and Concepts (RASC)

Group 4

FY-02 Planning

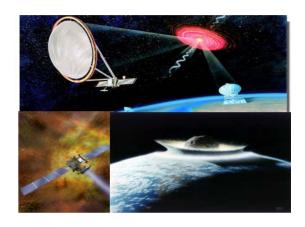
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#### Introduction

 The primary objective is to develop revolutionary aerospace systems concepts for in-space remote sensing



• Scope: The study missions will include in-space remote sensing for Earth Observation, Space Exploration, and Comet and Asteroid Detection and Protection.



## **Overarching Mission**

- The overarching mission is to use the revolutionary aerospace mission architectures and systems concepts as the foundation for identification of common technology and infrastructure requirements for in-space remote sensing
- Common technology areas exist between the current set of mission studies. Key technology areas will be assessed through additional focused assessments (when resources are available):
  - Formation flying
  - Inter-vehicle communications
  - Metrology
  - Autonomous operations
- Infrastructure requirements will be fed to the other RASC groups to provide input to their concept definitions as well as to leverage their analysis results



## Relationship to Enterprise Goals

#### Space Science Enterprise

- Goal 1: Chart the evolution of the universe, from origins to destiny, and understand its galaxies, stars, planets and life
- Goal 3: Develop new technologies to enable innovative, less expensive flight missions

#### Earth Science Enterprise

- Goal 1: Observe, understand, and model the Earth system to learn how it is changing, and the consequences for life on Earth
- Goal 3: Develop and adopt advanced technologies to enable mission success and serve national priorities

#### Aerospace Technology Enterprise

Goal 3: Pioneer technology innovation: enable a revolution in aerospace systems



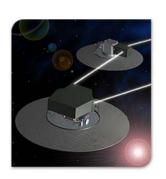
## **Study Missions**

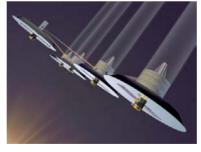
- The study missions currently include Earth observation, space exploration, and comet and asteroid detection and protection systems/architectures:
  - Space Based Imaging Interferometry
  - Fresnel Lens System for Gamma Ray Astronomy: Micro-arcsecond Imaging of Black Hole Event Horizons
  - Study of Revolutionary Earth Sciences Architecture for Atmospheric Chemistry, Earth Radiation Balance, and Geomagnetism Measurements
  - Comet and Asteroid Protection System (CAPS)
  - Planetary Body Maneuvering



#### Space Based Imaging Interferometry

- David Leisawitz, GSFC
- Evaluation of space-based imaging interferometry
- Michaelson and Fizeau interferometers installed on booms, tethers, and free flyers will be assessed to meet Code S and Code M key science objectives
- Alternative architectures for space-based imaging will be developed as well as analytical tools, decision trees and performance metrics for facilitating mission design

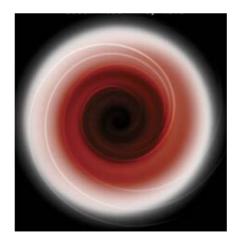








- Fresnel Lens System for Gamma Ray Astronomy: Microarcsecond Imaging of Black Hole Event Horizons
  - Neil Gehrels, GSFC
  - Assessment of a mission concept that includes a Fresnel lens on one spacecraft and a gamma-ray detector on a second spacecraft with approximately 10,000,000 km distance between them
  - Station keeping, propulsion, needs, orbital dynamics, target acquisition concepts, and formation flying will be addressed





- Study of Revolutionary Earth Sciences Architecture for Atmospheric Chemistry, Earth Radiation Balance, and Geomagnetism Measurements
  - Dr. Shahid Habib, GSFC
  - A range of advanced platforms required for making Earth science measurements in the upper stratosphere will be investigated
  - The revolutionary technologies necessary for each platform needed to make the desired measurements will be identified









- Comet and Asteroid Protection System (CAPS)
  - Dan Mazanek, LaRC
  - Focus will be on the preliminary definition of CAPS detection concepts,
     Near-Earth Objects (NEO) orbit modifications, and an overall architectural concept for CAPS implementation
  - Detailed systems analysis of the detection system will be performed to identify critical technology pull requirements





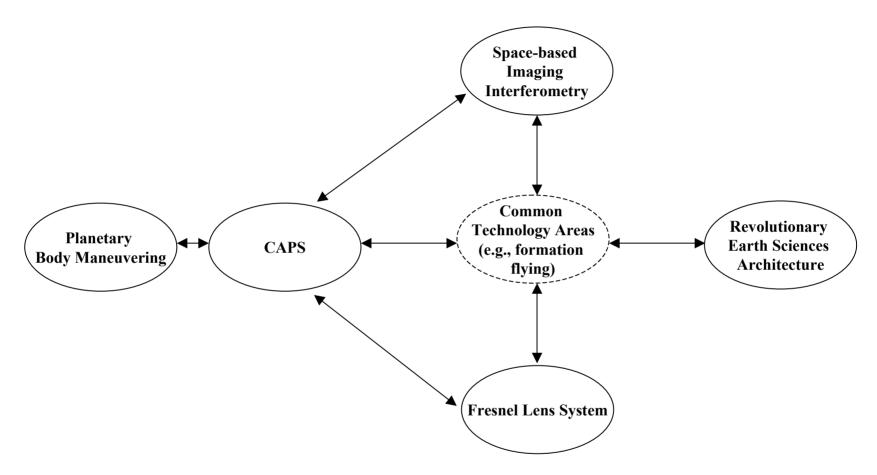
#### Planetary Body Maneuvering

- Dr. George Schmidt, MSFC
- The objective is to examine simple, medium, and advanced techniques for moving small planetary bodies
- The application of the associated techniques could range from commercial space operations to planetary defense





## Relationships Between Study Missions



 Each of the five planned Group 4 study missions will be standalone activities; however, results of several studies will feed other Group 4 studies as well as assessments of common technologies



# Study Missions Relationship to Wavelength

	Space Based Imaging Interferometry	Fresnel Lens System for Gamma Ray Astronomy	CAPS
Microwave			
Infrared	Х		Х
Visible	Х		Х
Ultraviolet	Х		
X-Ray	Х		
Gamma-Ray		Х	_



## Summary

- Technologies and infrastructure for conducting revolutionary inspace remote sensing will be investigated
- The study missions currently include Earth observation, space exploration, and comet and asteroid detection and protection
- Key technology areas will be assessed through additional focused assessments (when resources are available):
  - Formation flying
  - Inter-vehicle communications
  - Metrology
  - Autonomous operations
- Infrastructure requirements will be input to other RASC groups and the associated results will be leveraged